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Approved For Release 2001/08/25 : CIA-RDP78Z02997A000100170002-9 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20505

28 November 1975

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MEMORANDUM FOR:

SUBJECT

- CIA Suggestions on "Review of Background Information"
- 1. As we discussed, I have redone pages 23-26 and added an introduction. This might also eliminate the need for Tab C. For this reason we have not tried to make specific suggestions with regard to Tab C.
- 2. Our specific points elsewhere on the paper are as follows:
 - --Page 9, last para. Insert "dollar" before resources in line 4. Delete sentence beginning "CIA covert action".
 - --Page 14, third tic. Add "and covert action" after "CIA collection".
 - --Page 16, first sentence. Add "--based on the Schlesinger and PFIAB recommendations" at end.
 - --Page 17, third line. Begin sentence with "The directive also--".
 - --Page 20, last para. Change second sentence to read "-- (through the PFIAB and the CIA Inspector General) -- ". Change "reorganization" to "changes" in next sentence.
 - --Page 21, last para. In second sentence, after "question" insert ", including those". Break last sentence after "efficiency". New last sentence would read "It noted the need for external and internal controls which would develop public confidence, but did not address these questions."

-- Page 22. Revise first para as follows:

The report recommends maintaining a national/ departmental balance in intelligence. The DCI (renamed the Director General of Intelligence) would be a member of the NSC to increase his standing, but would be separate from the CIA (renamed Foreign Intelligence Agency). new DGI would prepare a total national intelligence budget and would allocate to the various agencies funds appropriated to him. A strengthened staff, perhaps including the analysis and production elements of CIA, would assist him. DGI would establish new arrangements with DOD to manage tactical intelligence, wartime transition, NSA, and the national reconnaissance program. The FIA would have a separate Director reporting either to the DGI or the NSC. The DGI would chair the NSCIC, USIB, and IRAC which would have essentially the same roles they do today. egation to translating of the entire of the control of the control

- --Page 27. Add new second sentence: "Some also point out that any major reorganization will have costs in disruption of existing machinery that must be weighed against the benefits sought."
- --Page 28. We have a general concern about this list that the act of listing certain questions may make them into larger issues than they now are. Examples are B-3 (Why should we single out intelligence employees for criminal liability more than any other government employee?), B-8, and especially E-10.
 - -- Page 28, Under A, add:

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- -"Accountability to the Attorney-General for possible abuses of authority and criminal acts, and policy on public disclosure" -- "Policy on secrecy agreements with intelligence personnel"
- --Page 28, Under B, add:
 - "Statutory clarification of the scope and standing of secrecy agreements"
- --Page 29, C-4, add ", responsibilities, and authorities" after "powers".

- --Page 29, C-6. Add, "responsibilities and relationships" after "powers".
 - --Page 29, Section C. Add E-3 from page 30.
- --Page 29, D-2. Reword to read "Responsibility for clandestine collection and covert action".
- --Page 29, D-3. Add "including NSCIC" after "Methods".
- -- Page 29, D-9. Reword to read "Selection of Director and Deputy Director(s) of CIA".
 - -- Page 29, Section D. Add "Role of NRO".
- --Page 30, E-2. Reword to read "Relationship of DCI to management of CIA".
 - -- Page 30, E-3. Move to Section C.
 - --Page 30, E-9. Delete.

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-- Tab A, Page 1. Reword Section A as follows:

These committees have "legislative jurisdiction" over matters pertaining to the CIA or to the intelligence. activities of the Department of Defense. In the exercise of this jurisdiction, they have primary congressional responsibility for the CIA. However, a number of other congressional committees have some form of "legislative oversight" over CIA and other elements of the intelligence community. They include the Committees on Government Operations, International Relations, and have recently even included the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service with respect to its investigation of the "mail intercept" programs. Both of the Armed Services Committees have delegated their authority to the intelligence subcommittees. These subcommittees are kept totally advised with respect to the activities of CIA and are given information on the CIA budget despite the fact that CIA has permanent budgetary authority under the provisions of the CIA Act of 1949, as amended (Section 8). The House Subcommittee has seven members and its Senate counterpart has five.

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--Tab A, I B. In next to last sentence, change "four" to "five".

--Tab A, I B. Reword last sentence as follows: "Its House counterpart, on which you served, is formally the Defense subcommittee (12 members), although---"

-- Tab A, I C. Change title to House <u>International</u> <u>Affairs Committee and reword as follows:</u>

These committees have always received intelligence briefings by CIA based on the National Intelligence Estimates. They had no oversight function over the intelligence community until 1974 when, in response to a request from the leadership of the Foreign Affairs Committee, endorsed by the leadership of the House Armed Services Committee, Secretary Kissinger and Director Colby made an accommodation to brief the then Foreign Affairs Committee on CIA's covert activities which might in any way affect foreign policy.

On 8 October 1974, as part of the adoption of the Bolling/Hansen report on committee jurisdiction, special oversight was vested in the House International Relations Committee with respect to "intelligence activities relating to foreign policy." Subsequent amendments to the Foreign Assistance Act of 1974 (Section 32, PL 93-559, December 30, 1974, by Representative Leo Ryan and Senator Harold Hughes, resulted in the adoption of a new Section 662 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1974, as amended) prohibit the expenditure of funds by or on behalf of CIA for operations in foreign countries "...other than activities intended solely for obtaining necessary intelligence... unless the President makes a finding that each such operation is important to national security and reports are made to the "appropriate committees of the Congress," specifically including the Foreign Relations and Foreign Affairs Committees.

-- Tab A. Add new I D as follows:

e and Adjournation of

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Senate and House Committees on Government Operations.

These committees have traditionally exercised legislative oversight over government offices generally with a view to determining the efficiency of the operations. A recent example of the exercise of the oversight is found in the Committee's jurisdiction of all government departments and agencies with respect to the provisions of the Freedom of Information and Privacy Acts.

- -- Tab A. Change I D to I E, I E to I F.
- -- Tab A. II A l. NSCIC was established by the President's letter of 5 November 1971.
- -- Tab A, II A 2. Delete "All major sensitive". Change "reconnaissance" to "technical collection".
- -- Tab A, III A. Add footnote: "The CIA Act of 1949 provides the DCI with a number of important operating authorities".
- --Tab A, III A l. Add to second para. "The chiefs of the military service intelligence agencies are participating observers". Change last sentence of third para as follows: "It has a number of specialized subcommittees".
- -- Tab A, III A 2. IRAC was established by the President's Letter of 5 November 1971.
- --Tab A, III A 3. Change "persons" to professionals" and "four" to "three". Change last sentence to read "--after Dr. Schlesinger became DCI in 1973."
 - -- Tab A, III A 4. Reword as follows:

This group of 11 substantive officers working directly for the DCI has a range of responsibilities, including supervision of the preparation of National Intelligence Estimates. (When created in 1973, it replaced the Board of National Estimates, which had existed in some form since 1950.)

- -- Tab A, III B, line 5. Add "and covert" after "overt."
 - -- Tab A, III C 1. DIA was established in 1961.
- -- Tab A, III C 2. We believe NSA was established by Presidential directive.
 - -- Tab A, III C 4. "-- supports NSA by--".

-- Tab A, III D. "--headed by an officer of Assistant Secretary rank---"

--Tab B. There is some danger that a busy reader might gain the impression that all the problems described here are still pressing. Some still are, some have been solved, and some have been overtaken. A footnote might take care of this problem.

--Tab C. Although the CIA study did not address a number of the matters cited here, the DCI has in fact expressed positions on several of them. This will be apparent if you get the package to which referred.

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RICHARD LEHMAN

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The Intelligence Community is passing through a crisis of public confidence. If the nation is to have the intelligence system it needs, that confidence must be restored. This requires inter alia clearer definition of the responsibilities and authorities of the intelligence agencies.

At the same time the political atmosphere of the day, together with the breakdown in confidence, has encouraged an attack on the conventional defenses of intelligence security. If the national intelligence system is to be effective, better defenses must be found for those things essential to intelligence operations. It should be noted that many desirable measures to this end run directly counter to those designed to restore confidence.

The need for public confidence and the need for secrecy mean that change is inevitable. Congress will clearly reconsider the intelligence provisions of the National Security Act of 1947. There is thus a unique opportunity to make fundamental improvements in Community management, and ultimately in the intelligence product, improvements that many intelligence officers have believed long overdue.

Three major and inter-related categories of measures are needed: measures to restore public confidence, including those restricting and defining intelligence responsibilities; measures to protect secrecy; measures to improve management.

Approved For Release 2001/08/25 : CIA-RDP78Z02997A000100170002-9

NOTE: This outline could be developed ad infinitum. Subheadings marked with an asterisk are not used in the attached matrix.

- I. Measures to restore confidence
 - A. Oversight
 - 1. Executive
 - 2. Congressional
 - 3. Provision of product
 - *4. Public
 - B. Intelligence agency internal controls
 - *C. Public education
- II. Measures to restrict activities
 - A. Fiscal controls
 - *1. Open budget
 - *2. GAO audit
 - B. Prevention of "abuses"
 - C. Covert action
- III. Measures to protect secrecy
 - A. Classification system
 - B. Protection of classified information
 - C. FOI and Privacy Acts
 - D. Protection of the intelligence budget
- IV. Measures to improve management of foreign intelligence
 - A. DCI's relationship to the President
 - B. DCI as manager of the Community
 - 1. Resources
 - 2. USIB
 - 3. Relations with Defense
 - 4. Relations with State

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- C. DCI as manager of CIA (
 - *1. Deputies
 - *2. Production elements
 - *3. Clandestine activities
- D. Collection
 - *1. Human sources
 - *2. NRO
 - *3. NSA
- E. Organization of Defense Intelligence
 - *1. Role of OSD
 - *2. Influence of DCI
 - *3. Responsibilities of DIA
 - *4. National/tactical questions
 - *5. Transition to war
- F. Quality control of production
 - *1. Independent review by outsiders
 - *2. The National Estimates process
 - *3. Consumer inputs
 - *4. Analysis/collection balance
 - *5. Competition in analysis

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	Internal Controls	Congressional Provision of product Intel Agency	CONFIDENCE External Oversight Executive
		*	Schlesinger '71
	**************************************		PFIAB '71
		Oversight Comm for FBI. Cong. Committees on Privacy & Internal Security Office to serve Congress. Another to serve public.	Presidential Comm.s on civil liberties(Pres & Sec State R to control clandestine activities
	*	Jt Committee on Nat'l Security has jurisdiction over intel. (No changes in standing Committees, but Jt Comm to authorize annual budget). Central Cong. reports (intel?) reports	Murphy '75 Stronger PFIAB s(Endorses Rockefeller)
*	Strengthen CIA IG Strengthen CIA Gen Couns. Issue CIA Regula- tions on per- missible acti- vities Reduce CIA compartmentation	Jt Committee on Intel replaces Armed Service Committees	Rockefeller '75 Executive order to limit domestic activities Stronger PFIAB Proper choice of DCI
	Community	ment tronger	CIA '75 General statement of need for stronge 9 oversight 01700002

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	•					c. Covert Action							. "Abuses"		Fiscai		RESTRICTIONS
						à.					1	(annum a deservi		Schlesinger '71
	200	,					*										PFIAB '71
			and CA?	1 0	- m	Sec Con NS A				tion	stic co	General on NSC	lonal regi	4	Force CIA to defend publicly		DNC '72
				as benerits) Review periodi-		Rpt to Jt. Comm. No Presidential Certification							of stature"				Murphy '75
			Ť.				employees	ment on criminal acts by CIA	Just	CIA-FBI agreement		rn l	limit activities Pres should not		budget public		Rockefeller '75
	-				collection.	continue. Keep in CIA. Keep combined with clandestine		-		*	**						CIA '75

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		. Protection of Intelligence Budget	. FOI and Privacy Act		. Protection of classified information	. Classification System	SECRECY
			a,		*		Schlesinger '71
							PFIAB '71
		CIA should de- fend its budget publicly				Congress set classification standards; limit use of classification. Do away with Executive Privilege	DNC '72
			Supports FOI '74 amendments System for auto- matic downgrading	Criminal penal- ties for un- authorized dis- closure	Mandatory classi- fication of information on sources & methods	Procedures for resolution of Exec Frivilege claims Statutory class.	Murphy '75
	aga a na statumateria	Make part of CIA budget public	Intel agencies should review periodically for declassification in public interest	sources & methods Criminal penalties for unauthorized disclosure.	Clarify NS Act re DCI's responsi- bilities for pro- tection of		Rockefeller '71
			**		General statement of need for pro-	General statement of need for a fresh look	CIA '75

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Y)		Relations with State	Relations with Defense	USIB		manager of Community.	DCI as		DCI's rela- tionship to President	AG
Section of the sectio			#1. Main Def Coll. assets transferred to DCI.	Make advisory to DCI	#3. Coordinator advises Pres. on resources.	get appropriated to his office. '#2. DCI prepares consol intel.			Option #3. Coordinator on President's Staff	1 70
			Recognize need for tactical intel for field commanders.	Reconstitute under DCI. Expand role in budget & policy.		Resources Comm.	Establish USIB			PFIAB '71
		Larger role for State				from CIA and DoD to State, ACDA, White House) H H	*	4	DNC '72
			SecDef should not be nation's chief intelli-		have line authority over Community	70 1 () (ו מז	Only President should have line authority over Community.	White House; give access to President; retitle as	Murph
			Mil. Deputy DCI to handle defense rela-	*						Rockefeller '75
		DGI-State coordinating mechanism.	Statutory change in DGI-Defense relationships.	Reconstitute as advisory to DGI. Confine primarily to production matters.		approp. to nim, allocates to operating components.		should not be in White House. Should be member of NSC.	access to and confidence of President, but	CIA '
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*	Approved For	Release 2001/08/25 : CIA-F	RDP78Z02997A09010	0170002-9	IV.
	Quality Control for Intelligence Production	Organization of Defense Intelligence	Collection	DCI as manager of CIA	MANAGEMENT
and in the fundament	High level consumer feedback (NSCIC). Review of product by outsiders. More resources for analysis Competing centers (INR, DIA)	#1 Director of Defense Intelli- gence in full charge. #2 ASD/I to handle resource issues	Revise NSCID's to reestablish boundaries between col- lection agencies	#2. DCI keeps CIA production. Rest becomes separate agency	Schlesinger '71
	Establish "consumer in- fluence" USIB Committee on evaluation to approve national esti- mates.	ASD/I for resources	Improve Foreign Service reporting Increase domestic clandestine coll of foreign intel. (esp by FBI)	DCI should delegate admin of CIA. He should directly control BNE and DDI.	PFIAB '71
	Executive Office "Council on Foreign Affairs" draws from academia etc. Institute adversary proceedings at all levels.	-	Reduce clan- destine collection	Separate analysis and clandestine activities	DNC '72
	Restore national estimates staff Endorses Rockefeller on PFIAB. Stronger NSCIC	Sec Def must enforce national intelligence priorities.	Improve Foreign Service report- ing.	Retitle as FIA. DFI should delegate much of administration to his deputy.	Murphy '75
	PFIAB to assess quality of collection and production			Second (civilian) Deputy DCI to administer CIA	Rockefeller '75
_	Invigorates NSCIC role by making DGI chairman Stronger DGI role in eval. of product.	DGI has larger voice, through budget and EXCOM, in DoD management of national programs. He has greater responsigility to provide support to Defense.	production Must balance national and tactical require- ments for coll.	Retitle as FIA. Separate from DGI. #1.DGI retains production #2.FIA retains	CIA '75